Dr Aseem Malhotra Consultant Cardiologist

President – The Public Health Collaboration -2021-2023
The Kings Fund – Trustee 2015-2021
Visiting Professor of Evidence Based Medicine – Bahiana School of Medicine and Public Health 2018-2021
Academy of Medical Royal Colleges Choosing Wisely Steering Group- 2015-2018
Academy of Medical Royal Colleges Consultant Clinical Associate – 2014-2015
Academy of Medical Royal Colleges – Obesity Steering Group 2011-2014
Action on Sugar – Founding Member (Science Director 2013-2016)

UNSAFE AND INEFFECTIVE ETHICAL AND EVIDENCE BASED HEALTHCARE

MARGARET HEFFERNAN

Wilful Blindness

'A polemic against the dangers of docility and "groupthink" in every walk of life' Financial Times



'Entertaining and compellingly argued' Sunday Times

THE LOCKDOWN FILES The Sunday Telegraph

Hancock's plan to 'frighten the pants off' the public

messages show how ex-health secretary wanted to 'deploy' new virus variant to ensure compliance



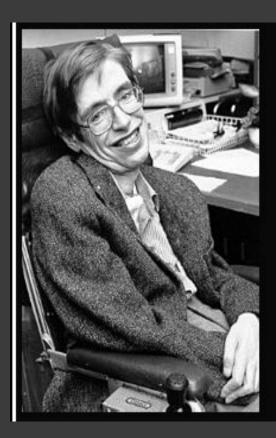
Government didn't consider how scare tactics would affect most vulnerable

Letters Obituaries TV listings Weather



Tories accuse Case of Left-wing bias over Covid rules





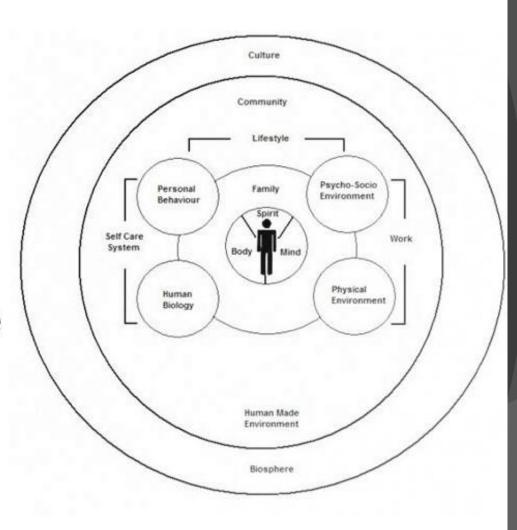
The greatest enemy of knowledge is not ignorance, it is the illusion of knowledge.

(Stephen Hawking)



Definition of Health

Health is a state of complete physical, mental and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity.



The Evidence-Based Medicine triad

(see D.L. Sackett et al, BMJ 1996; 312: 71-72)



Efficient Health Care Requires Informed Doctors and Patients

Seven Sins that contribute to Lack of knowledge

- Biased funding of research (research funded because it is likely to be profitable, not because it is likely to be beneficial for patients)
- Biased reporting in medical journals
- Biased patient pamphlets
- Biased reporting in the media
- Commercial Conflicts of interest
- Defensive medicine
- Medical curricula that fail to teach doctors how to comprehend and communicate health statistics.

Ref: G. Gigerenzer, J.A Muir Gray. Better Doctors, Better Patients, Better Decisions, Envisioning Healthcare 2020,

PERSPECTIVE

How to survive the medical misinformation mess

John P. A. Ioannidis*, *, *, *, Michael E. Stuart*, *, Shannon Brownlee**, *† and Sheri A. Strite*

*Departments of Medicine, Health Research and Policy, and Biomedical Data Science, Stanford University School of Medicine, Stanford, CA, USA, †Meta-Research Innovation Center at Stanford (METRICS), Stanford University, Stanford, CA, USA, †Department of Statistics, Stanford University School of Humanities and Sciences, Stanford, CA, USA, †Department of Family Medicine, University of Washington School of Medicine, Seattle, WA, USA, †Department of Health Policy, Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health, Cambridge, MA, USA

- 1. Much published research is not reliable, offers no benefit to patients, or is not useful to decision makers
- 2. Most healthcare professionals ARE NOT AWARE of this problem
- 3. They also lack the necessary skills to evaluate the reliability and usefulness of medical science
- 4. Patients and families frequently lack relevant, accurate medical evidence and skilled guidance at the time of medical decision making

Peter Wilmshurst – Centre of Evidence Based Medicine, Oxford 2014

- Pharmaceutical companies and medical device companies have a fiduciary obligation as businesses to make a profit and declare a shareholder dividend by selling their product.
- They are not required to sell consumers (patients and doctors) the best treatment, though many of us would like that to be the case.
- REAL SCANDALS: 1. Regulators fail to prevent misconduct by industry and 2. Doctors, institutions and journals that have responsibilities to patients and scientific integrity collude with industry for financial gain







"Honest doctors can no longer practice honest medicine. We have a complete healthcare system failure and an epidemic of misinformed doctors and misinformed and harmed patients."

~Dr Aseem Malhotra

April 12, 2018 European Parliament, Brussels tinyurl.com/FullVideoKillingForProfit

The Illusion of "innovation"

- Of 667 new drugs approved by the FDA between 2000 and 2008 only 11% truly innovative. 75% essentially copies of old ones. Drug companies spend twice as much on marketing than they do on research and development. Twenty times more on marketing than researching new molecular entities
- " It is no longer possible to trust much of the clinical research that is published or to rely on the judgement of trusted physicians or authoritative medical guidelines. I take no pleasure in this conclusion, which I reached slowly and reluctantly over my two decades as an editor of The New England Journal of Medicine" Dr Marcia Angell
- "possibly half of the published literature may simply be untrue"
 Richard Horton, editor of the Lancet 2015
- Several recent scandals including universities covering up research misconduct "Something is rotten in the state of British Medicine and has been for a long time" Richard Smith (2016)

Misleading health statistics

- There are many ways of presenting a benefit. RRR, ARR or NNT
- Communicating relative risks as opposed to absolute risk or NNT (numbers needed to treat) can lead laypeople and doctors to overestimate the benefit of medical interventions.
- For example in high risk type 2 diabetics primary prevention with Atorvastatin 10mg, RRR 48% in stroke over 4 years.
- Reduces risk of suffering a stroke from 28 in 1000 to 15 in 1000 i.e 13 in 1000 or ARR od 1.3%
- NNT need to treat 77 to prevent 1 stroke.
- Mismatched framing in medical journals compounds the issue.
- If treatment A reduces the risk of developing disease from 10 to 7 in 1000 but increases the risk of disease B from 7 to 10 in 1000 the journal article reports the benefit as a 30% risk reduction but the harm as an increase of 3 in 1000 or 0.3%!
- One third of articles in the Lancet, BMJ and JAMA between 2004 and 2006 used mismatched framing
- Such asymmetric presentation of data for benefits and harms is likely to bias toward showing greater benefits and diminishing the importance of the harms



PUBLISHED RESEARCH:

'Curing the pandemic of misinformation on Covid-19 mRNA vaccines through REAL evidence-based medicine'

READITNOW

Author: Aseem Malhotra

JOURNAL OF
INSULIN RESISTANCE

AOSIS

Table 4: NNV for prevention of severe hospitalisation for different programmes

	Programme			
Age	Primary	Booster (2+1)	Autumn 2022 boost	Spring 2023 boost
5 to 11	112200			
12 to 15	162600			
16 to 19	106500	193500	185100	
20 to 29	166200	418100	275200	
30 to 39	87600	188500	217300	
40 to 49	53700	40600	175900	
50 to 59	18700	16200	48300	
60 to 69	5700	9200	27300	
70+	2500	10400	7500	
n a risk group	Primary	Booster (2+1)	Autumn 2022 boost	Spring 2023 boost
20 to 29	11400	43500	59500	59500
30 to 39	10700	28600	40500	40500
40 to 49	9400	10600	49800	49800
50 to 59	5600	6100	18600	18600
No risk group	Primary	Booster (2+1)	Autumn 2022 boost	Spring 2023 boost
20 to 29	no cases	no cases	706500	
30 to 39	318400	no cases	no cases	
40 to 49	186800	190400	932500	
50 to 59	51600	107000	256400	

More likely to suffer SAE from mRNA jab than be hospitalised from covid.

Serious adverse events of special interest following mRNA vaccination in randomized trials

Joseph Fraiman, MD¹
Juan Erviti, PharmD, PhD²
Mark Jones, PhD³
Sander Greenland, MA, MS, DrPH, C Stat⁴
Patrick Whelan, MD PhD⁵
Robert M. Kaplan, PhD⁶
Peter Doshi, PhD⁷

Affiliations

Louisiana State University, Lallie Kemp Regional Medical Center, Independence, LA
 Unit of Innovation and Organization. Navarre Health Service, Spain
 Institute of Evidence-Based Healthcare, Bond University, Gold Coast, QLD, Australia
 Fielding School of Public Health, University of California, Los Angeles
 University of California, Los Angeles
 School of Medicine, Stanford University
 University of Maryland School of Pharmacy, Baltimore, MD

Correspondence to: Peter Doshi, 220 N Arch Street, Baltimore, MD, 21201 pdoshi@rx.umaryland.edu

ABSTRACT

Introduction. In 2020, prior to COVID-19 vaccine rollout, the Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovations and Brighton Collaboration created a priority list, endorsed by the World Health Organization, of potential adverse events relevant to COVID-19 vaccines. We leveraged the Brighton Collaboration list to evaluate serious adverse events of special interest observed in phase III randomized trials of mRNA COVID-19 vaccines.

Methods. Secondary analysis of serious adverse events reported in the placebo-controlled, phase III randomized clinical trials of Pfizer and Moderna mRNA COVID-19 vaccines (NCT04368728 and NCT04470427), focusing analysis on potential adverse events of special interest identified by the Brighton Collaboration.

Results. Pfizer and Moderna mRNA COVID-19 vaccines were associated with an increased risk of serious adverse events of special interest, with an absolute risk increase of 10.1 and 15.1 per 10,000 vaccinated over placebo baselines of 17.6 and 42.2 (95% CI -0.4 to 20.6 and -3.6 to 33.8), respectively. Combined, the mRNA vaccines were associated with an absolute risk increase of serious adverse events of special interest of 12.5 per 10,000 (95% CI 2.1 to 22.9). The excess risk of serious adverse events of special interest surpassed the risk reduction for COVID-19 hospitalization relative to the placebo group in both Pfizer and Moderna trials (2.3 and 6.4 per 10,000 participants, respectively).

Discussion. The excess risk of serious adverse events found in our study points to the need for formal harm-benefit analyses, particularly those that are stratified according to risk of serious COVID-19 outcomes such as hospitalization or death.

Funding. This study had no funding support.

Supplemental Table 1. Included and excluded SAE types across both trials

Included SAE types (matching AESI list): Abdominal pain, Abdominal pain upper, Abscess, Abscess intestinal, Acute coronary syndrome, Acute kidney injury, Acute left ventricular failure, Acute myocardial infarction, Acute respiratory failure, Anaemia, Anaphylactic reaction, Anaphylactic shock, Angina pectoris, Angina unstable, Angioedema, Aortic aneurysm, Aortic valve incompetence, Arrhythmia supraventricular, Arteriospasm coronary, Arthritis, Atrial fibrillation, Atrial flutter, Axillary vein thrombosis, Basal ganglia haemorrhage, Bile duct stone, Blood loss anaemia, Bradycardia, Brain abscess, Cardiac failure, Cardiac failure acute, Cardiac failure congestive, Cardiac stress test abnormal, Cardio-respiratory arrest, Cerebral infarction, Cerebrovascular accident, Chest pain, Cholecystitis, Cholecystitis acute, Cholelithiasis, Colitis, Coronary artery disease, Coronary artery dissection, Coronary artery occlusion, Coronary artery thrombosis, Deep vein thrombosis, Dermatitis bullous, Diabetic ketoacidosis, Diarrhoea, Diplegia, Dyspnoea, Embolic stroke, Empyema, Facial paralysis, Fluid retention, Gastroenteritis, Gastrointestinal haemorrhage, Haematoma, Haemorrhagic stroke, Hemiplegic migraine, Hepatic enzyme increased, Hyperglycaemia, Hyponatraemia, Hypoxia, Ischaemic stroke, Laryngeal oedema, Multiple sclerosis, Myocardial infarction, Noncardiac chest pain, Oedema peripheral, Pancreatitis, Pancreatitis acute, Pericarditis, Peripheral artery aneurysm, Peritoneal abscess, Pleuritic pain, Pneumothorax, Post procedural haematoma, Post procedural haemorrhage, Postoperative abscess, Procedural haemorrhage, Psychotic disorder, Pulmonary embolism, Rash, Rash vesicular, Respiratory failure, Retinal artery occlusion, Rhabdomyolysis, Rheumatoid arthritis, Schizoaffective disorder, Seizure, Subarachnoid haemorrhage, Subcapsular renal haematoma, Subdural haematoma, Tachyarrhythmia, Tachycardia, Thrombocytopenia, Thyroid disorder, Toxic encephalopathy, Transaminases increased, Transient ischaemic attack, Traumatic intracranial haemorrhage, Type 2 diabetes mellitus, Uraemic encephalopathy, Uterine haemorrhage, Vascular stent occlusion, Ventricular arrhythmia

Evaluded SAE types (not matching AESI list): Abdominal adhesions Abortion

SAE may be as high as 1 in 300 and Death as high as 1 in 1000

Research Open Access Published: 24 January 2023

The role of social circle COVID-19 illness and vaccination experiences in COVID-19 vaccination decisions: an online survey of the United States population

Mark Skidmore

✓

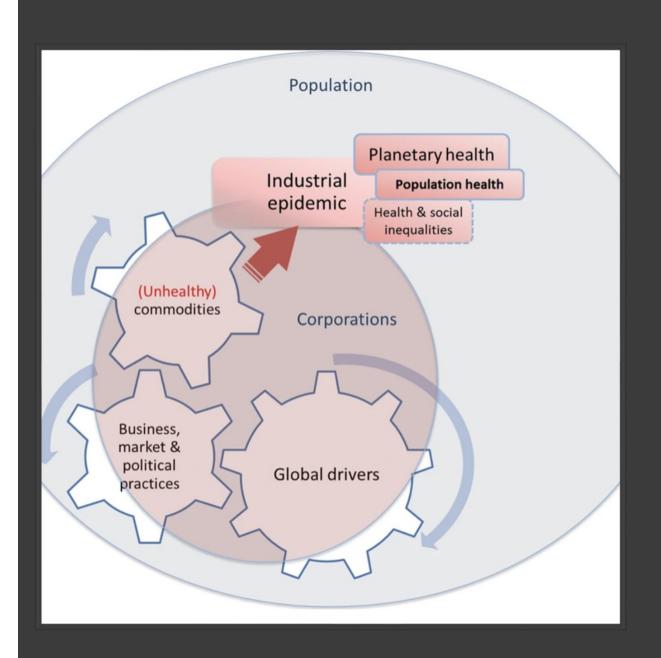
BMC Infectious Diseases 23, Article number: 51 (2023) Cite this article

59k Accesses | **4554** Altmetric | Metrics

COVID-19 vaccine. Estimates from the survey indicate that through the first year of the COVID-19 vaccination program there may be as many as 278,000 vaccine induced fatalities and up to a million severe adverse events. The analyses offer new evidence that the health experiences with the COVID-19 illness and vaccination within social circles play an important role in the decision to be vaccinated. Further, the reported COVID-19 vaccine adverse events within respondent social circles in the survey are substantial, suggesting that this effect is an important factor in vaccine hesitancy, whether perceived or real. Consistent with previous

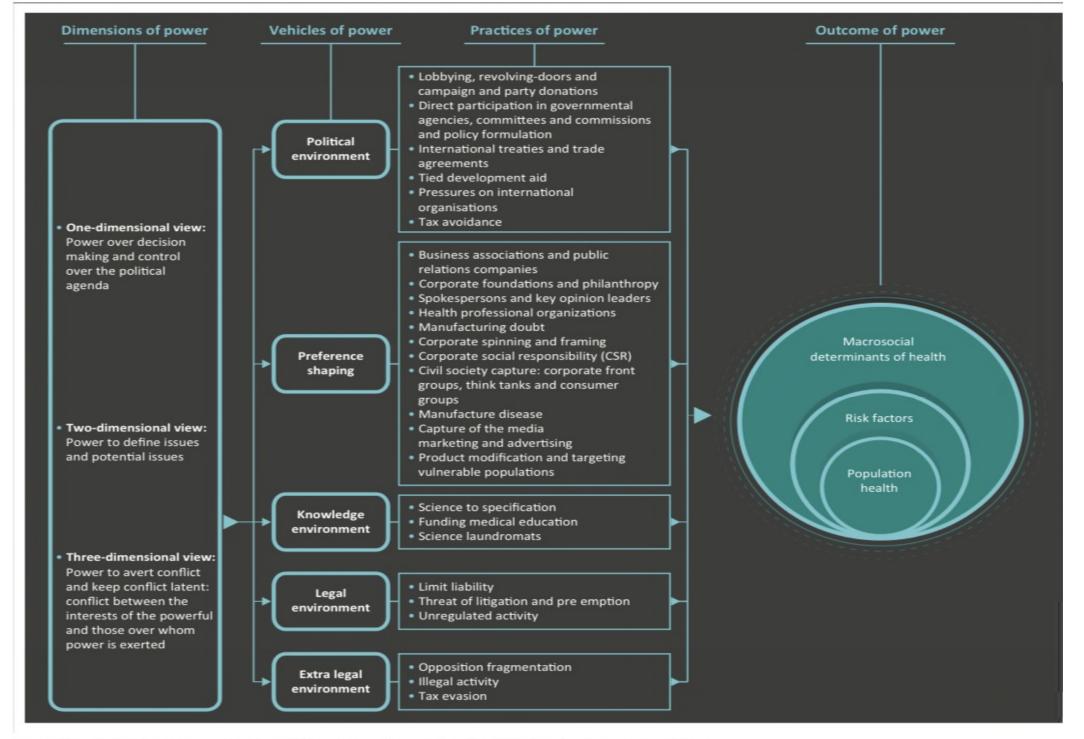
Can we trust the regulators? NO

• It's the opposite of having a trustworthy organisation independently and rigorously assessing medicines. They're not rigorous, they're not independent, they are selective and they withhold data. Doctors and patients must appreciate how deeply and extensively drug regulators can't be trusted so long as they're captured by industry funding" **Donald Light**



THE COMMERCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH

"Strategies and approaches adopted by the private sector to promote products and choices that are detrimental to health"



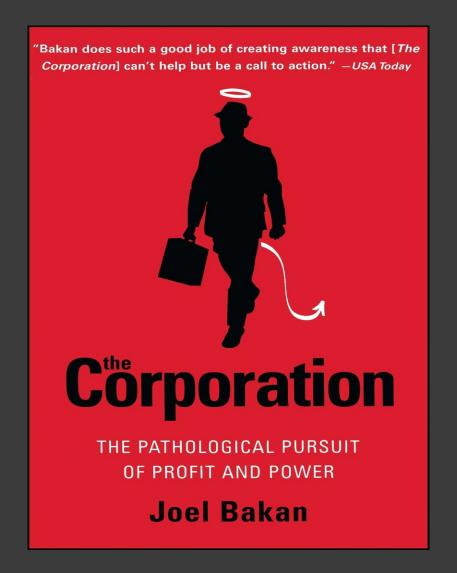
Joe Rogan " You can make a billion dollars from lying ?!"

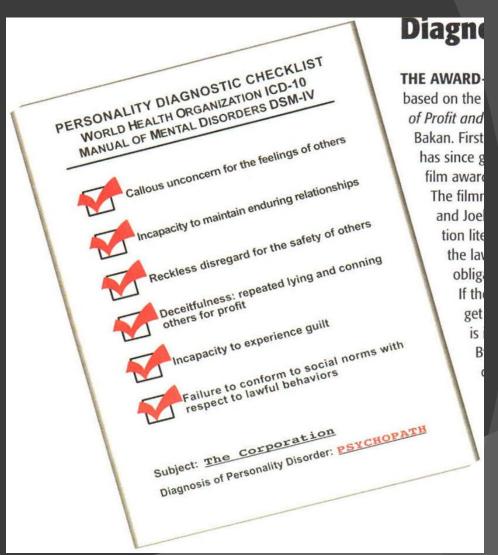
John Abramson paraphrasing chief scientist of Merck "it's a shame that the cardiovascular effect is there but the drug will do well and we will do well"

Vioxx scandal – estimated to have killed 40-60k American citizens.

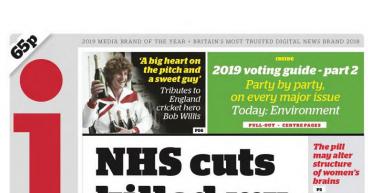


The "Psychopathic" Determinants of Health





Victims of a failing system



killed my mother

Leading heart doctor warns that 'systemic political failure' is crippling health service



» Dr Aseem Malhotra says: 'A GP who dedicated 25 years of her life to the NHS was failed by it' » Family of NHS medics say that Anisha suffered hospital setbacks which led to her premature death » 'The system is broken and money alone

cannot fix it. No one should suffer like my mother > Tories promise £34bn budget increase by 2024 will be enshrined in law - while Labour pledges £40bn

PUZZLES P44 | GETTING PISTE - SKIERS BEWARE P30 | KIM SENGUPTA ON A NATO TANTRUM P6

Chemiers under a Corbun

government Johnson toughens UK against

Chinese tech



i's charity



United make Old Trafford return an

Doctor's family want review of his death after ambulance delay

death after it took paramedies more he was suffering a cardiac arrest.

like a cardiac acrest' and to ungrade address and could not immediately

than half an hour to arrive at his home despite operators being told a half minutes into the call.

Professor Kailash Chand, the for-mervice chair of the British Medical Association (BMA), had complained while I kept asking where the am-bulance was. We kept going but I of chest pains before one of his neighbours, a consultant anaesthe-tist at Manchester Royal Infirmary, regained consciousness."

Ambulance trusts receiving 'record levels' of demand

currently the subject of the seventh letter was sent, series of the popular BBC One show Latest figure currently the subject of the Sevietim test was fem:

The Sevietion (the popular BDC One show
Latest figures show that more
Ambulance, Last night's spisode
aboved the service 'busier than sworted in shy in a new record for ever" and even being asked to take emergency services in England, calls from Scotland to help over-stretched services there. NWAS

and staffing shortages mean they are being used to work alongside NHS staff in the South Central,

officials warmed the health of para-

land were operating at their highest level of demand the week before the

standards being not in July in Eng-land. In fact, for category & patients, which can include people who have

"It is vital the Government ur-gently puts forward an action plan to address this deficit in emergency cil chair, said: "Chronic underfund-

when Kallash's eyes began rolling and he slipped into unconscious-ness. That's when I said 'this looks' parumedics were given the wrong

respond to eategory I calls - those that are classified as life-threatenvention and/or r spond to 90 per cent of such calls in

Evidence seen by I showed that showed that the called III at III.25 on 25 days and 15 days diagnosis of death certificate states that the "call date" of the incident was 17.42 before being "received" by the service at 17.45.

The paramedic erew was "mo-hile" a minute later before arriv-ing on scene" at 17.54 but they did not enter the flat until 18.04 due to having a wrong address. They at-tempted resuscitation but Profes-sur Chand was declared dead at the scene at 18.46. He was 79. Professor Chand, a former GP de

the NHS, lived in a flat at Quantum House in Kensal Drive. But the NWAS certificate shows

ever" and even being asked to take called from Scendard to help own-stretched services there, WAAS bettified the shown stretched to take called in the stretching conditions with \$2,000 from the shown asks been overwhelmed, with demand.

Last month, nearly 100 members of the Army were brought in to help for a multiance trust in Fogland look, after patients. High demand look after patients high dem

ing workforce shortages and lack of capacity is resulting in an NHS that cannot always meet the urgent

'I was grappling with anger that he shouldn't have died so suddenly'

Dr Aseem Malhotra recounts how an SNIS start in the south version, when can include people who now a constitution of the start and fast had a strate of costs of crises jain, the eversion of England The urion, this agree space time was ever 40 min son, said is was "signt things are not urior, more than double the agreed chester coroner to investigate the chester coroner to investigate the chester coroner to investigate the crimental control of B interest.

surviving member of my immediate family. I was also grappling with

to hospital now. Knowing the savuild need to be monitored and have a blood test to exclude a heart attack. I rushed to be with him. I kept calling until a friend of Dad's.

999 Delayed responses for a post mortem. There was no evidence of heart attack but he had the blood supply to the myscardians Service, the staff told me they were

muscle This made it even more likely that he almost certainly would have survived had the ambulance years ago. Since then demand on ambulance

diagnosed a heart attack.

response time; seven minutes.
Unfortunately, this is not an isolated case. A few weeks prior, a very senior nurse at NHS England's own bushand, suffered cardiaemuhlic neceive the gag service. social or domestic issues, rather than sounding chest discomfort whilst playing football. Knowing there an emergency." Maurice McGinlay, the night control shift officer, told me back then. 'The demand over the last 999 She drove as fast as she could to the nearest A&E where an ECG

He was right. In July, more than one several NHS trusts in regions in England have asked the Government The unprecedented number of calls has come over a year into the pandemic, as exhausted staff deal

ne

Lo

Nearly or rienced s during Jul yesterday. in the UK i than four pected co from 945,0 Covid last

ple - were usual activith 188,0 ability to a tivities has The mo fering fre breath, 32

musele a cent res

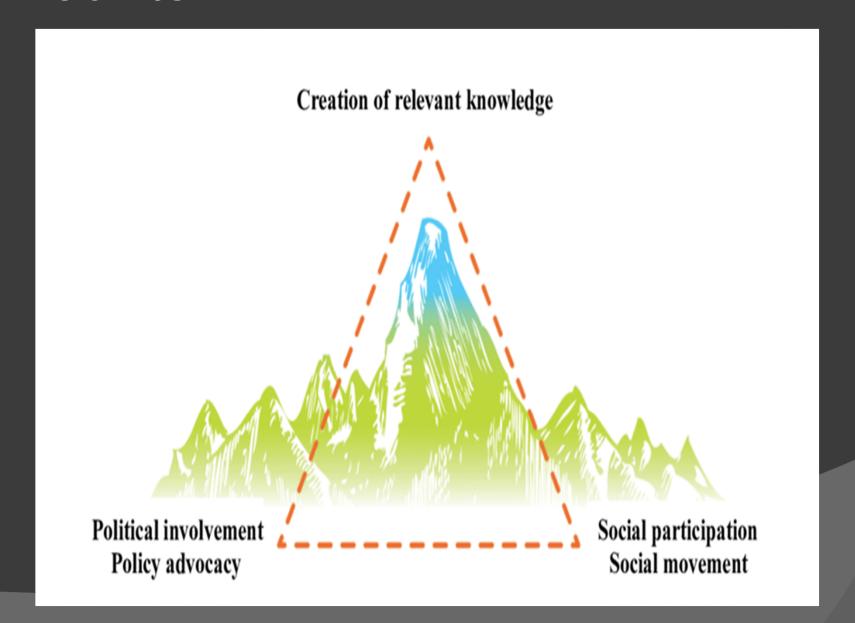
aml



your caree

on the 2019

The Triangle That Moves The Mountain



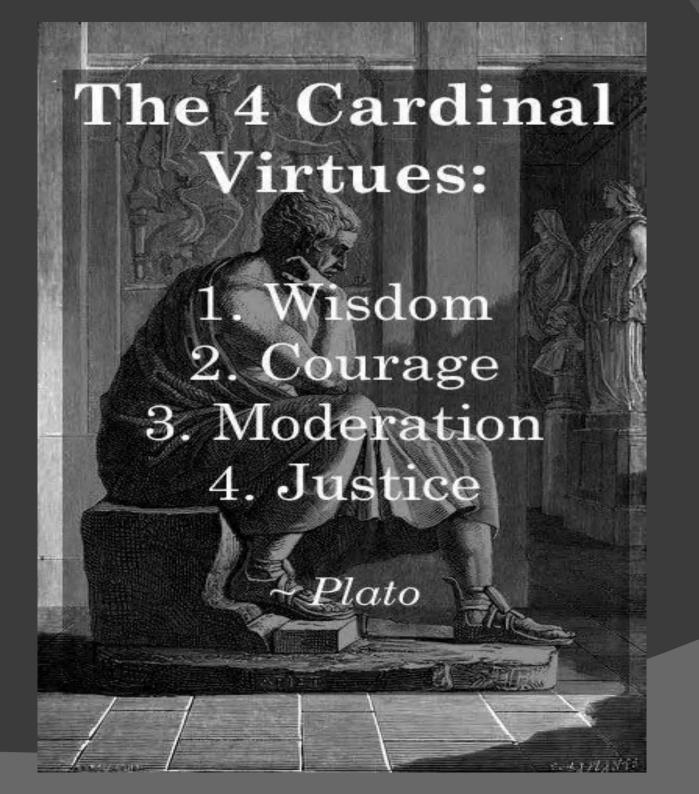
BOX 4: Defining real evidence-based medicine and actions to deliver it.

- 1. Is the application of individual clinical expertise with best available evidence and taking into consideration patient preferences and values in order to improve patient outcomes (relieve suffering and pain, treat illness and address risks to health)
- 2. Makes the ethical care of the patient it's top priority
- 3. Demands individualised evidence in a format that clinicians and patients can understand
- 4. Is characterised by expert judgement rather than mechanical rule following
- 5. Shares decisions with patients through meaningful conversations
- 6. Builds on a strong clinician—patient relationship and the human aspect of care
- 7. Applies these principles at community level for evidence-based public health

Actions to deliver real evidence-based medicine

- Although the pharmaceutical industry plays an important role in developing new drugs, they should play no role in testing them
- 2. All results of all trials that involve humans must be made publicly available
- 3. Regulators such as the FDA and MHRA must be publicly funded, and not receive any money from the pharmaceutical industry
- 4. Independent researchers must increasingly shape the production, synthesis and dissemination of high-quality clinical and public health evidence
- 5. Medical education should not be funded or sponsored by the pharmaceutical industry
- 6. Patients must demand better evidence, better presented (using absolute and not relative risk), better explained and applied in a more personalised way

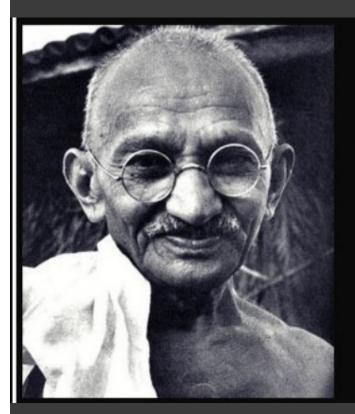
Source: Adapted from Greenhalgh T, Howick J, Maskrey N. Evidence based medicine Renaissance Group. Evidence based medicine: A movement in crisis? *BMJ*. 2014;348:g3725. https://doi.org/10.1136/bmj.g3725





Courage is the most important of all the virtues, because without courage you can't practice any other virtue consistently. You can practice any virtue erratically, but nothing consistently without courage.

(Maya Angelou)



It is health that is real wealth and not pieces of gold and silver.

(Mahatma Gandhi)



Rise up with me against the organisation of misery.

Pablo Neruda



